CONDA

CONDA CHEAT SHEET

Command line package and environment manager

Learn to use conda in 30 minutes at bit.ly/tryconda

TIP: Anaconda Navigator is a graphical interface to use conda. Double-click the Navigator icon on your desktop or in a Terminal or at the Anaconda prompt, type anaconda-navigator

Conda basics

Verify conda is installed, check version number	conda info
Update conda to the current version	conda update conda
Install a package included in Anaconda	conda install PACKAGENAME
Run a package after install, example Spyder*	spyder
Update any installed program	conda update PACKAGENAME
Command line help	COMMANDNAMEhelp conda installhelp

*Must be installed and have a deployable command, usually PACKAGENAME

Using environments

Create a new environment named py35, install Python 3.5	conda createname py35 python=3.5	
Activate the new environment to use it	WINDOWS: activate py35 LINUX, macOS: source activate py35	
Get a list of all my environments, active environment is shown with *	conda env list	
Make exact copy of an environment	conda createclone py35name py35-2	
List all packages and versions installed in active environment	conda list	
List the history of each change to the current environment	conda listrevisions	
Restore environment to a previous revision	conda installrevision 2	
Save environment to a text file	<pre>conda listexplicit > bio-env.txt</pre>	
Delete an environment and everything in it	conda env removename bio-env	
Deactivate the current environment	WINDOWS: deactivate macOS, LINUX: source deactivate	
Create environment from a text file	conda env createfile bio-env.txt	
Stack commands: create a new environment, name it bio-env and install the biopython package	conda createname bio-env biopython	
Finding conda packages		
Use conda to search for a package	conda search PACKAGENAME	
See list of all packages in Anaconda	https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/packages/pkg-docs	



Installing and updating packages	
Install a new package (Jupyter Notebook) in the active environment	conda install jupyter
Run an installed package (Jupyter Notebook)	jupyter-notebook
Install a new package (toolz) in a different environment (bio-env)	conda installname bio-env toolz
Update a package in the current environment	conda update scikit-learn
Install a package (boltons) from a specific channel (conda-forge)	conda installchannel conda-forge boltons
Install a package directly from PyPI into the current active environment using pip	pip install boltons
Remove one or more packages (toolz, boltons) from a specific environment (bio-env)	conda removename bio-env toolz boltons
Managing multiple versions of Python	
Install different version of Python in a new environment named py34	conda createname py34 python=3.4
Switch to the new environment that has a different version of Python	Windows: activate py34 Linux, macOS: source activate py34
Show the locations of all versions of Python that are currently in the path NOTE : The first version of Python in the list will be executed.	Windows: where python Linux, macOS: which -a python
Show version information for the current active Python	pythonversion

Specifying version numbers

Ways to specify a package version number for use with conda create or conda install commands, and in meta.yaml files.

Constraint type	Specification	Result
Fuzzy	numpy=1.11	1.11.0, 1.11.1, 1.11.2, 1.11.18 etc.
Exact	numpy==1.11	1.11.0
Greater than or equal to	"numpy>=1.11"	1.11.0 or higher
OR	"numpy=1.11.1 1.11.3"	1.11.1, 1.11.3
AND	"numpy>=1.8,<2"	1.8, 1.9, not 2.0

NOTE: Quotation marks must be used when your specification contains a space or any of these characters: > < | *

MORE RESOURCES

Free Community Support
Online Documentation
Command Reference
Paid Support Options
Continuum Onsite Training Courses
Continuum Consulting Services

groups.google.com/a/continuum.io/forum/#!forum/conda conda.io/docs conda.io/docs/commands anaconda.com/support anaconda.com/training anaconda.com/consulting

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